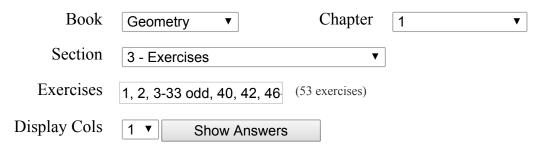
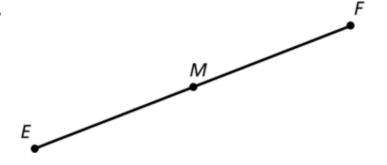
Answer Presentation Tool



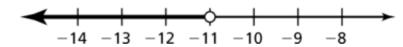
- 1. It bisects the segment.
- 2. Distance Formula
- **3.** line *k*; 34
- **5.** *M*; 44
- 7. *M*; 40
- **9.** \overrightarrow{MN} ; 32
- 11. A M B
- **13.**



- **15.** (5, 2)
- **17.** $\left(1, \frac{9}{2}\right)$
- **19.** (3, 12)

- **21.** (18, -9)
- **23.** 10
- **25.** $\sqrt{13}$, or about 3.6
- **27.** $\sqrt{97}$, or about 9.8
- **29.** 6.5
- **31.** The square root should have been taken. $\sqrt{61} \approx 7.8$
- **33.** about 6.7, about 6.3; no; AB > CD
- **40.** no; You have to take the absolute value of the difference.
- **42.** a. AM = MB; M is the midpoint of \overline{AB} .
 - **b.** AC < MB; C is between A and M, so AC < AM. Because AM = MB, AC < MB.
 - **c.** impossible to tell; The problem does not provide any information about whether *C* or *D* is closer to *M*.
 - **d.** MB > DB; D is between M and B, so MB > DB.
- **46.** 20 cm, 25 cm²
- **47.** 26 ft, 30 ft²
- **48.** 12 m, 6 m²
- **49.** 36 yd, 60 yd²

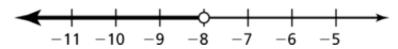
50. *a* < −11



51. $y \ge 13$



52. x < -8



53. $z \le 48$

